CLAIM AMENDMENTS

The attached listing of claims, which includes all claim amendments and new claims, replaces the previously pending list of claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of making a jewelry article which comprises: providing an annular ringbody made of a hard material consisting essentially ofeomprising tungsten carbide, with the annular ringbody having at least one external facet; and

grinding the at least one external facet to a predetermined shape to provide a pleasing appearance to the jewelry article, with the hard material being long wearing and virtually indestructible during use of the article.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, which further comprises providing additional facets or one or more different finishes to the <u>ringbody</u> member to provide unique reflection characteristics to the article.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, which further comprises highly polishing the at least one external facet of the annular <u>ringbody</u> to a luster that is maintained for life of the article and does not require re-polishing.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, which further comprises grinding a first frusto-conically shaped facet extending around the outer circumference of the ringbody, and forming a first outer facet of the ringbody proximate a first axial extremity thereof; grinding a second frusto-conically shaped facet extending around the outer circumference of the ringbody, and forming a second outer facet of the ringbody proximate a second axial extremity thereof opposite the first axial extremity, with the first and second outer facets positioned adjacent the external facet and on opposite sides thereof.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein the first and second facets are ground to have surface angles each within the range of from 1 to 40 degrees relative to the axis of symmetry of the <u>ringbody</u> and are polished to a mirror finish.

DC:385918.1 4

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein each external facet is ground and polished to a mirror finish.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 5, which further comprises grinding fourth and fifth frusto-conically shaped facets extending around the inner circumference of the ringbody.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein the fourth and fifth facets having surface angles each within the range of from 1 to 40 degrees relative to the axis of symmetry of the ringbody and are ground and polished to a mirror finish.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the tungsten carbide hard material consists essentially of emprises at least 85 weight percent tungsten carbide of the hard material.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, which further comprises providing a cavity in the annular <u>ringbody</u>, the cavity having a predetermined size and shape that is configured to receive an insert of a decoration component that provides a substantially different visual effect to the article.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10, wherein the cavity is configured in the form of a slot, groove, notch, or hole and is provided in a preselected location in the annular <u>ringbody</u>.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10, wherein the cavity is configured in the form of a continuous groove or slot which extends around the annular ringbody.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the decoration component comprises a precious metal that is mechanically fit into the slot so as to hold the components of the jewelry <u>ringartiele</u> together.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10, which further comprises providing an insert of a visually different hard material, a precious metal or a gemstone in the

5

DC:385918.1

cavity of the annular <u>ringbody</u>, wherein the annular ring is integrally formed as a hardened substructure and the insert is provided in the cavity thereof.

- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, which further comprises pre-shaping the insert to have a mating configuration with that of the cavity, and retaining the insert in the cavity by a mechanical fit or with a glue.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the insert comprises a precious metal and the mechanical fitting comprises one or more of snapping, pressing, swaging, or burnishing to connect the precious metal to the hardened substructure.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the annular <u>ringbody</u> is provided in the form of a finger ring, earring, or bracelet and has a generally circular configuration.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, which further comprises providing design details the annular <u>ringbody</u> which details are maintained in their original configuration indefinitely.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>annular ringhard</u> material is <u>integrally</u> formed by sintering powders that consist essentially of tungsten carbide.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the hard material is formed by sintering powders that consist essentially of at least tungsten carbide and a <u>metal</u> binder material.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the binder material includes nickel, cobalt, or a combination thereof.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the hard material is selected to have a density of at least 13.3 g/cm³.
 - 23. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one facet is curved.

- 24. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the hard material consists of tungsten carbide and a metal binder material to facilitate sintering thereof.
- 25. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the annular ring defines an aperture configured and dimensioned to receive a body part.
- 26. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the annular ring consists of tungsten carbide and a metal binder component.
- 27. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the hard material is formed by a single sintering step.
- 28. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the ring has inner and outer surface portions which are concentric and continuous.